# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### PCABSOX7014

Access Date: 5/12/2020

#### **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

Product Identifier: PCABS

Chemical Formula: Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene polymer/Poly (Bisphenl-A

carbonate)

General Product Use: May be used to produce molded or extruded articles or as a

component of other industrial products.

Manufacturer: Star Plastics, Inc. 326 Jack Burlingame Drive

Millwood, West Virginia 25262, USA

StarPlastics.com

Phone: 304.273.0352 (24 Hours)

Fax: 304.273.0355

Emergency telephone number: 304.273.5326 (24 hours)

#### **SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION**

Classifications: Use Appendices to 1910.1200 to determine Hazard

Classification.

**Pictograms:** 

 $\Diamond$ 

Signal Word: Warning

**Hazard Statements:** Spilled pellets create slipping hazard.

**Precautionary Statements:** Fumes produced during melt processing may cause eye, skin,

and respiratory tract irritation.

**Other Hazards not Otherwise** 

Titanium Dioxide

**Classified:** Pellet inhalation unlikely due to physical form.

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Chemical/Component Name Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene Polycarbonate	<b>CAS Number</b> 9003-56-9 111211-39-3	Weight %
for codes containing uv stabilizers  2-(2Hydroxy-5-tert-octylphenyl) benzotriazole	65997-17-3	
for codes containing high black content  Carbon Black for codes containing high white content	1333-86-4	

13463-67-7

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#### **SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES**

**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air. Call medical support.

Eye Contact: Flush immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15

minutes. If irritation persists, call medical support.

Skin Contact: For molten plastic skin contact, cool rapidly with water and

> immediately seek medical attention. Do not attempt removal of plastic without medical assistance. Do not use solvent for

removal.

Molten plastic can cause severe thermal burns.

For skin contact with fume condensate, immediately wash thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation develops seek

medical attention.

Inhalation: Leave contaminated area and breathe fresh air. If coughing,

> difficult breathing or any other symptoms develop seek medical attention at once, even if symptoms develop at a later time.

Not probable. Ingestion:

Most important Molten plastic can cause severe thermal burns.

symptoms/effects:

Indication of immediate medical

treatment:

## **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

from the chemical:

Suitable (and unsuitable) Water spray and foam. Water is the best extinguishing medium. **Extinguishing Media:** Carbon dioxide and dry chemical are not generally recommended

because their lack of cooling capacity may permit re-ignition.

Hazardous combustion products may include intense heat, dense **Specific Hazards arising** 

black smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrocarbon

fragments.

Special protective Wear NIOSH/MSHA approved SCBA and full protective equipment. equipment and

precautions for fire-The fuel content and temperatures will require immediate attention and vigorous efforts to bring about control of the fire, and fiahters:

> suppression of the fire should begin immediately. The plastic will melt, but it will not be carried on the surface of the water, and water can be freely used to control the fire. Use a water spray to cool fireexposed containers, and to solidify. Do not release runoff from fire

control methods to sewers or waterways.

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#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Personal** Precautions/protective

equipment/emergency procedures:

containment & clean-up:

**Methods/materials for** Pellets: Remove from all floor areas to allow for stable footing

and preventing slips by personnel.

Soil: Collect for re-use or appropriate disposal. Solids can be

separated.

Water: Notification of government agency may be appropriate.

Air: Not likely to be released.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**Precautions for Safe Handling:** Avoid storing containers near foodstuffs due to possibility of

odor and taste contamination of food.

Secondary operations such as grinding, sanding or sawing may

produce a dust explosion hazard. Use aggressive

housekeeping activities to prevent dust accumulation; employ bonding, grounding, venting and explosion relief provisions in

accordance with accepted engineering practices.

**Conditions for Safe Storage:** Do not store containers near heating devices, hot pipes, etc.

Store in a dry place away from moisture, excessive heat and

sources of ignition.

Read and become familiar with all labels and instructions of

packaging.

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

OSHA PEL/ACGIH/TLV:

OSHA PEL

STEL

Ceiling

Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene for codes containing uv stabilizers... 2-(2Hydroxy-5-tert-octylphenyl) benzotriazole

for codes containing high black content

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. .

Carbon Black 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

for codes containing high white content

... Tu : D: :1

Titanium Dioxide 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Appropriate Engineering** 

**Controls:** 

Recommended, sufficient ventilation to control fumes.

**Individual Protection** 

Measures:

Respiratory Protection: Under conditions of excessive fume concentration, a

NIOSH/MSHA approved device with organic vapor acid gas rating or fresh air supply should be used. Seek professional advice prior to respirator selection and use. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and, if necessary, wear a MSHA/NIOSH-approved respirator. Select respirator based on its suitability to provide adequate worker protection for given working conditions, level of airborne contamination, and presence of sufficient oxygen. For emergency or nonroutine operations (cleaning spills, reactor vessels, or storage tanks), wear an SCBA. *Warning! Air-purifying* 

respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres. If respirators are used, OSHA requires a written respiratory protection program that includes at least: medical

certification, training, fit-testing, periodic environmental

monitoring, maintenance, inspection, cleaning, and convenient,

sanitary storage areas.

Hand Protection: Wear gloves that will prohibit penetration when handling hot

plastic.

**Eye Protection:** ANSI approved safety glasses or chemical workers goggles.

Other Protective Equipment: Ordinary work clothes.

Work Hygienic Practices: Wash hands with soap and water before eating or smoking and at

the end of each work day.

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance Solid, Plastic pellet Explosive Limits: Unknown

(physical state, color, etc.):

Odor: slight odor Vapor Pressure: Negligible

Odor Threshold: N/A Vapor Density: Unknown

pH: N/A Relative Density:

Freezing/Melting This product does not exhibit a Solubility: Insoluble

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point: sharp melting point, but

softens gradually over a wide

temperature range.

Boiling Unknown Other Solubility: Unknown

Point/Range:

Flash Point: Unknown Partition Coefficient: Unknown

**Evaporation** Unknown **Auto-Ignition Temp:** 630C (1166F), estimated

Rate:

Flammability N/A Decomposition Unknown

(solid, gas): Temp:

Viscosity: N/A UEL/LEL: Unknown

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Reactivity:** Not reactive under recommended conditions of handling, storage,

processing and use.

**Chemical Stability:** Stable under recommended conditions of storage and handling.

**Possibility of Hazardous** 

Reactions:

**Conditions to Avoid:** Do not exceed melt temperature recommendations in product

literature. In order to avoid autoignition/hazardous decomposition of hot thick masses of plastic, purgings should be collected in small, flat shapes or thin strands to allow for rapid cooling and quench in

water.

**Incompatible Materials:** 

Hazardous Decomposition Processing fumes evolved at recommended processing conditions

of Products: may include trace levels of styrene, phenol, alkylphenols, and

diarylcarbonates.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## Information on toxicological effects

Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, skin, ingestion

**Eye:** Product may cause irritation or injury due to mechanical action.

**Skin Contact:** Pellets not likely to cause skin irritation.

Prevent contact with skin and eyes.

**Ingestion:** Not acutely toxic.

**Inhalation:** Pellet inhalation unlikely due to physical form.

**Symptoms:** Fumes produced during melt processing may cause eye, skin and

respiratory tract irritation.

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Secondary operations, such as grinding, sanding or sawing, can

produce dust which may present a respiratory hazard.

Fumes produced during melt process of plastics may produce Delayed & Immediate Effects:

acute health effects in some individuals, especially irritation of

eyes/nose and throat in cases of severe overexposure, nausea and

headaches.

**Numerical Measures of** 

Toxicity:

**Carcinogenicity:** OSHA, IARC and NTP have listed carbon black as carcinogen.

> Titanium Dioxide has been identified as a suspected or confirmed human carcinogen. OSHA, IARC and/or NTP have listed heavy metals, present in some colorants as carcinogens. These colorants are essentially bound to the plastic matrix and are unlikely to contribute to workplace exposure under recommended

processing conditions.

### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (NON-MANDATORY)**

**Ecotoxicity:** N/A

Persistence and degradability: N/A

Bioaccumulation potential: N/A

Mobility in soil: N/A

Other adverse effects: N/A

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS (NON-MANDATORY)

Description of waste residues and information on their safe handling and methods of disposal, including the disposal of any contaminated packaging.

Do not release runoff from fire control methods to sewers or waterways.

Landfill waste plastic if codes permit; incinerate if codes and equipment permit. Incinerating equipment should be capable of handling large volumes of dense, black smoke and withstand effects of acid gases. Pellet materials not considered hazardous waste.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (NON-MANDATORY)**

UN Number: N/A

**UN Proper Shipping Name:** N/A Transport Hazard Class(es): N/A Packing Group, if applicable: N/A

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Environmental hazards (eg, Marine pollutant): N/A
Transport in Bulk (according to Annex II of N/A

MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):

Special Precautions which a user needs to be N/A

aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport of conveyance either within or outside their premises:

**DOT Transportation Data:** 49 CFR 172.101

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (NON-MANDATORY)**

Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations specific for the product in question.

#### **EPA Regulations:**

RCRA Hazardous Waste Number: Not listed (40 CFR 261.33)

RCRA Hazardous Waste Classification (40 CFR 261.??): Not classified

CERCLA Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 302.4) Unlisted specific per RCRA, Sec. 3001; CWA,

Sec. 311 (b)(4); CWA, Sec. 307(a), CAA, Sec. 112

SARA Toxic Chemical (40 CFR 372.65): Not listed

SARA EHS (Extremely Hazardous Substance) (40 CFR 355): Not listed, Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)

### **OSHA Regulations:**

Air Contaminant (29 CFR 1910.1000, Table Z-1, Z-1-A): Not listed

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substance: Not listed.

#### State Regulations:

#### **California Proposition 65**



**WARNING**: This product can expose you to chemicals: Acylonitrile (CAS# 107-13-1), Butadiene (CAS# 106-99-0), Styrene (CAS# 100-42-5), Bisphenol A (CAS# 80-05-7, Dichlormethane (CAS# 75-09-2) which is [are] known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to <a href="https://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov">www.P65Warnings.ca.gov</a>.

Listed on the active section of the TSCA Inventory

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared By: Star Plastics, Inc Date of Preparation: 11/19/2013

Revision: 01

This information is offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. No warranty, expressed or implied is hereby made. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. However, each user should review these recommendations in the specific context of the intended use and determine whether they are appropriate.